



The data to be read in conjunction with the Hydrogen Thyratron

ABRIDGED DATA

Deuterium-filled tetrode thyratron, featuring low jitter and low anode delay time drift. Suitable for use at high pulse repetition rates, in parallel for switching higher powers, or for switching long pulses. A reservoir operating from the cathode heater supply is incorporated.

| Peak forward anode voltage33 | kV max |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| Peak anode current (see page 2)1000 | A max |
| Average anode current | A max |

GENERAL

Electrical

| Cathode (connected internally | | | |
|---|-----|----------------|------|
| to mid-point of heater) | 0 | kide co | ated |
| Heater voltage | 6.3 | + 0.2 - 0.3 | V |
| Heater current2 | 2 | | Α |
| Tube heating time (minimum) | 5.0 | | min |
| Inter-electrode capacitances (approximate): | | | |
| anode to grid 2 (grid 1 and cathode | | | |
| not connected)1 | 3 | | pF |
| anode to grid 1 (grid 2 and cathode | | | |
| not connected) | 7.5 | | pF |
| anode to cathode (grid 1 and grid 2 | | | |
| not connected)2 | 6 | | pF |

Mechanical

| Overall length317.5 | 5 mm (12.500 inches) max |
|---|----------------------------|
| Overall diameter84.2 | |
| Net weight | 0.7 kg (1.5 pounds) approx |
| Mounting position (see note 1) | any |
| Base | pin spacing as B5F |
| Top cap (see note 2) | BS448-CT3 |
| CX1159 is also available with a fla as type CX1551. | nge base with flying leads |
| | |
| Cooling | natural |



PULSE MODULATOR SERVICE

MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Absolute values)

| M | in Max | < |
|---|----------------------|-------|
| Anode | | |
| Peak forward anode voltage | | |
| (see note 3) | 33 | kV |
| Peak inverse anode voltage (see note 4) | 25 | kV |
| Peak anode current | 1000 | Α |
| Peak anode current (pulse repetition rate | | |
| limited to 60 pps max) | 2000 | Α |
| Average anode current (see note 5) | 1. | 25 A |
| Rate of rise of anode current | | |
| (see note 6) | 5000 | A/μs |
| Anode heating factor | 14 x 10 ⁹ | VAnns |

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e2v technologies (uk) limited, Waterhouse Lane, Chelmsford, Essex CM1 2QU United Kingdom Holding Company: e2v technologies plc

Telephone: +44 (0)1245 493493 Facsimile: +44 (0)1245 492492

Contact e2v by e-mail: enquiries@e2v.com or visit www.e2v.com for global sales and operations centres.

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MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS

(Continued)

| N | 1in Ma | ıx |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Grid 2 | | |
| Unloaded grid 2 drive pulse voltage | 4000 | , |
| (see note 7)200 | | - |
| Grid 2 pulse duration | | μs |
| Rate of rise of grid 2 pulse (see note 6)1 Grid 2 pulse delay | | · kV/μs 3.0 us |
| Peak inverse grid 2 voltage | | |
| Loaded grid 2 bias voltage50 | | |
| Forward impedance of grid 2 | , 150 | , , |
| drive circuit50 | 800 | Ω |
| | | |
| Grid 1 - DC Primed (See note 8) | | |
| DC grid 1 unloaded priming voltage75 | 5 150 |) V |
| DC grid 1 priming current50 | 100 |) mA |
| Grid 1 - Pulsed | | |
| Unloaded grid 1 drive pulse voltage | | |
| (see note 7)300 | 1000 |) V |
| Grid 1 pulse duration2 | ·.0 - | μs |
| Rate of rise of grid 1 pulse (see note 6)1 | | · kV/μs |
| Peak inverse grid 1 voltage | | |
| Loaded grid 1 bias voltage | | |
| Peak grid 1 drive current |).3 1 | 0 A` |
| Cathode | | |
| Heater voltage | 6.3 + 0. - 0. | _ V |
| Tube heating time5 | 5.0 | min |
| Fusing amountal | | |
| Environmental | | |
| Ambient temperature50 | | °C |
| Altitude | | 13111 |
| | 10000 |) ft |

CHARACTERISTICS

| Min | Typical | Max | |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|------|
| Critical DC anode voltage for | | | |
| conduction (see note 10) | 0.5 | 2.0 | kV |
| Anode delay time | | | |
| (see notes 10 and 11) | 0.15 | 0.25 | μs |
| Anode delay time drift | | | |
| (see notes 10 and 12) | 20 | 50 | ns |
| Time jitter (see note 10) | 5.0 | 10.0 | ns |
| Recovery time | see gra | ph, pag | ge 3 |
| Heater current (at 6.3 V)18 | 22 | 25 | Α |

RATINGS FOR FAULT CONDITIONS, SINGLE-SHOT OR CROWBAR SERVICE

(See note 7)

| DC forward anode voltage | 25 | kV max |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------|
| Peak anode current | 15000 | A max |
| Product of peak current and | | |
| pulse duration | 0.6 | A.s max |
| Repetition frequency1 | pulse per 2 | 10 s max |

NOTES

- 1. Clamping is only permissible by the base.
- 2. A large area anode connector, e2v technologies type MA360, is recommended.
- 3. The maximum permissible peak forward voltage for instantaneous starting is 20 kV and there must be no overshoot.
- 4. The peak inverse voltage must not exceed 25 kV for the first 25 μs after the anode pulse.
- 5. For inverter type applications where the peak current does not exceed 50 A, the maximum average anode current may be increased to 2.5 A; e2v technologies should be consulted.
- 6. This rate of rise refers to that part of the leading edge of the pulse between 25% and 75% of the pulse amplitude.
- 7. Measured with respect to cathode. In certain cases the maximum drive pulse voltage may be exceeded without damage to the tube; a maximum value of 2.5 kV is then recommended. When grid 1 is pulse driven, the last 0.25 μs of the top of the grid 1 pulse must overlap the corresponding first 0.25 μs of the top of the delayed grid 2 pulse.
- 8. When DC priming is used on grid 1, a negative bias of 100 to 200 V must be applied to grid 2 to ensure anode voltage hold-off. DC priming is recommended for crowbar service.
- 9. DC negative bias voltages must not be applied to grid 1. When grid 1 is pulse driven, the potential of grid 1 may vary between −10 and +5 V with respect to cathode potential during the period between the completion of recovery and the commencement of the succeeding grid pulse.
- 10. Typical figures are obtained on test using conditions of minimum grid drive. Improved performance can be expected by increasing the grid drive.
- 11. The time interval between the instant at which the rising unloaded grid 2 pulse reaches 25% of its pulse amplitude and the instant when anode conduction takes place.
- 12. The drift in delay time over a period from 10 seconds to 10 minutes after reaching full voltage.

ADAPTOR ASSEMBLIES

In addition to standard top cap connectors and base sockets, a number of adaptor assemblies are available from e2v technologies.

MA91

A five-contact socket fitted with flexible leads and terminal tags, and mounted on an insulating base plate. It provides a conversion from base to flange type mounting.

CX1159 is also available with a flange base with flying leads as type CX1551.

MA92

Similar to MA91 but incorporates an RC network and is designed for use with CX1159 where a single pulse drive and flying lead connections are required.

MA179

A five-contact socket with flexible leads and terminal tags, mounted on an insulating base plate; it is fitted with a base clamp. It incorporates an RC network and is designed for use with CX1159 where a single pulse drive and flying lead connections are required.

Further information is contained in the leaflet 'Accessories for Hydrogen Thyratrons'.

HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARDS

e2v technologies hydrogen thyratrons are safe to handle and operate, provided that the relevant precautions stated herein are observed. e2v technologies does not accept responsibility for damage or injury resulting from the use of electronic devices it produces. Equipment manufacturers and users must ensure that adequate precautions are taken. Appropriate warning labels and notices must be provided on equipments incorporating e2v technologies devices and in operating manuals.



High Voltage

Equipment must be designed so that personnel cannot come into contact with high voltage circuits. All high voltage circuits and terminals must be enclosed and fail-safe interlock switches must be fitted to disconnect the primary power supply and discharge all high voltage capacitors and other stored charges before allowing access. Interlock switches must not be bypassed to allow operation with access doors open.

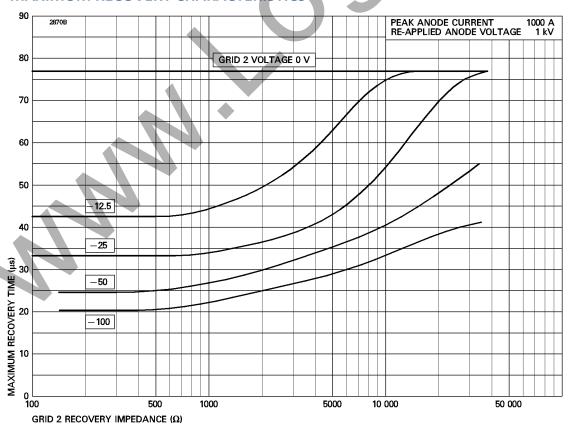


X-Ray Radiation

All high voltage devices produce X-rays during operation and may require shielding. The X-ray radiation from hydrogen thyratrons is usually reduced to a safe level by enclosing the equipment or shielding the thyratron with at least 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) thick steel panels.

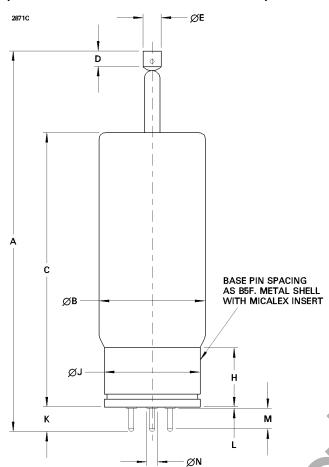
Users and equipment manufacturers must check the radiation level under their maximum operating conditions.

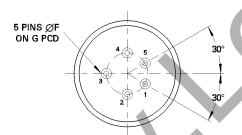
MAXIMUM RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS



OUTLINE

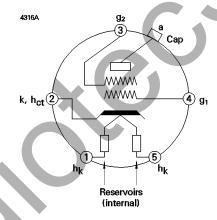
(All dimensions without limits are nominal)





| Ref | Millimetres | Inches |
|-----|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Α | 304.8 ± 12.7 | 12.000 ± 0.500 |
| В | 84.12 max | 3.312 max |
| С | $\textbf{215.9} \pm \textbf{12.7}$ | 8.500 ± 0.500 |
| D | 12.7 min | 0.500 min |
| Ε | 14.38 ± 0.18 | 0.566 ± 0.007 |
| F | 4.750 ± 0.076 | 0.187 ± 0.003 |
| G | 31.75 | 1.250 |
| Н | 49.2 | 1.937 |
| J | 77.77 ± 1.57 | 3.062 ± 0.062 |
| K | 19.56 max | 0.770 max |
| L | 1.85 max | 0.073 max |
| М | 14.6 min | 0.575 min |
| Ν | 6.6 max | 0.260 max |

Inch dimensions have been derived from millimetres.



| Pin | Element |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Heater |
| 2 | Cathode, connected internally |
| 4 | to heater mid-point |
| 3 | Grid 2 |
| 4 | Grid 1 |
| 5 | Heater |
| Тор сар | Anode |